## FRENCH KS2 PLANNING



Lesson 4: Learning some classroom instructions in French
Lesson 5: Learning to ask for someone's name and to give our own names in French
Lesson 6: To consolidate and assess learning for this unit

Note: All PowerPoints come with audio of any French words or phrases



To understand
what a
greeting is
To understand
that different cultures use different greetings

To know how to greet someone in French
(40 mins)

Intro:
Display world map and ask the children to think, pair, share the names and locations of as many French-speaking countries as they can
Explain that we are going to be learning to speak some French today
Ask the children to talk about any experiences they have of French and French speaking countries e.g. holidays, French football teams etc
Talk about the French lessons and expectations for the lessons (if new to the language as well, point this out the children and tell them you will learn together)
Point out that sometimes some words sound different in other languages, but it is important to respect each other and not to laugh at each other
Discuss with the children any links they have to other languages and cultures (If there are children with EAL in the class, celebrate this and ask them to say a few words in their home language).
Go through PowerPoint that:

- explains what 'greetings' are
- gives some examples of actions that can be used as greetings e.g. a hug
- gives some examples of greetings in English
- gives some examples of greetings in other languages
- has a link to a video with some French children saying the greetings for this lesson http://www.bbc.co.uk/schools/primarylanguages/french/all_about_me/videos/ (if the link does not work, Google 'bbc primary languages French all about me video') - stop the video after 40 seconds
- introduces some French greetings (with audio)

Using the PowerPoint go over the greetings in French and ask the children to come up with actions for each of the greetings
Ask them to repeat the greeting as they do the greeting (they might stretch to get up for this morning, yawn for good night)
Go through the greetings again and ask the children to repeat the greeting and actions in different voices e.g. a whisper, a bored voice, a tired voice, a happy voice
Using the flashcards put all of the greetings on the board and ask the children to close their eyes; remove one of the greetings and then ask them to open their eyes and tell you which one is missing

## Teaching points:

Salut - can mean hi and goodbye Bonjour - is used for hello and good morning

## Main:

Give children a copy of the greetings flashcards
Ask them to act out the greetings as a group and the teacher/TA will come and around the groups and video them
When going around, help any children who may have forgotten the greetings
Give the children 10 mins to prepare before beginning recording
Extension: children to practise writing the greetings without looking at the flashcards
Plenary:
In pairs / small groups, ask the children to take it in turns to do a greeting action for their partners to then respond with the greeting in French

PowerPoint
Flashcards (enough for one set per table) and laminate / print back -to-back

Check video plays OK

MUST: know some of the greetings in French

SHOULD: know all of the greetings in French and their English translations

COULD: know how to write each of the French greetings

To access the complete version of this KS2 French planning, and all of the resources needed to teach each lesson, visit:
http://www.saveteacherssundays.com/french/year-3/571/
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